Service Manual

SIDE MOUNT UNDERCOUNTER REFRIGERATORS / FREEZERS

MODEL: ETR1 / ETF1

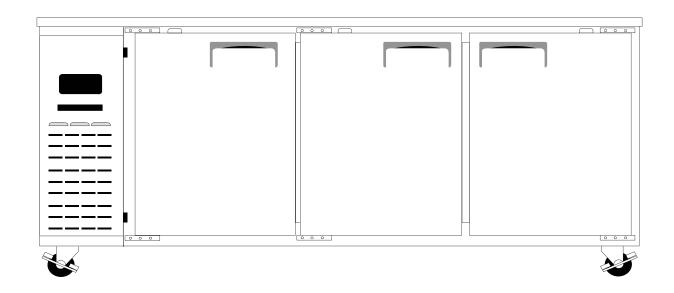
ETR2/ETF2

ETWR2 / ETWF2

ETR3 / ETF3

ETRF2

ETRF3





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1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



1. Safety Precautions

The power cable should be unplugged before replacing or repairing any electrical parts.

When replacing electrical parts, rated parts should be used.

- The procedure also requires that specifications such as model, rated voltage, rated current and operating temperature are precisely matched.

Use appropriate tools when replacing parts.

Coupling harnesses and lead wirings should be connected without exposing the core strip.

When servicing the unit, dust or other impurities must not come in contact with the wiring assembly located in the housing.

Check for moisture marks on all electrical parts.

 If moisture marks exist, it is recommended that you replace the part/s or take measures in preventing further moisture exposure.

Check assembly state of parts after service.

- Ensure that it matches the assembly state before service.

If operation seems unstable, it is recommended that you change the unit's location.

 The unit must be installed in a temperature regulated room with low humidity and away from heat sources or combustible products. Allow sufficient room for ventilation.

Determine whether unit should be grounded.

 It should be grounded if you determine that moisture or water exposure may cause electrical leakage.

High energy consumption products such as heaters should have exclusive outlets. Avoid having several power plugs in one outlet.

2. MAINTENANCE



2.1 INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR CLEANING

Use ONLY stainless steel cleaners to clean the interior and exterior of the cabinet.

WARNING

The unit's exterior stainless steel surface is made of 430 series material which will rust if exposed to non-stainless steel cleaners.

CAUTION

- Never use steel wool, strong acids, or abrasive cleaners when cleaning the exterior or interior of the unit.
- Acidic products or products containing vinegar must be stored in sealed containers to prevent acid damage to the interior of the cabinet and evaporator coil.

2.2 CONDENSER CLEANING

IMPORTANT: Use this procedure to clean the condenser once a month

A dirty condenser restricts airflow, resulting in excessively high operating temperatures. This reduces efficiency and shortens component life.

- WARNING Disconnect electrical power to the unit before cleaning the condenser.
 - The condenser fan blade is sharp. Be careful when cleaning.

CAUTION • If you are cleaning the condenser fan blades, cover the fan motor to prevent water damage.

2. MAINTENANCE



- 1. Clean the air filter.
- 2. Clean the outside of the condenser with a soft brush or vacuum brush. Clean from top to bottom, not from side to side. Shine a flashlight through the condenser to check for dirt between the fins. If dirt remains:
 - a. Blow compressed air through the condenser coil.
 - b. Use a commercial condenser coil cleaner. Follow the directions and any precautions supplied with the cleaner.
- 3. Repeat 2 until all dirt is removed.
- 4. Carefully wipe off the fan blade and motor with a soft cloth. Do not bend the fan blades. If the fan blades are excessively dirty, wash with warm, soapy water and rinse thoroughly.

3. REFRIGERATION CYCLE



3.1. Refrigeration Cycle

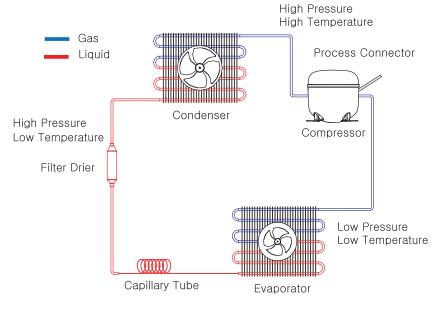
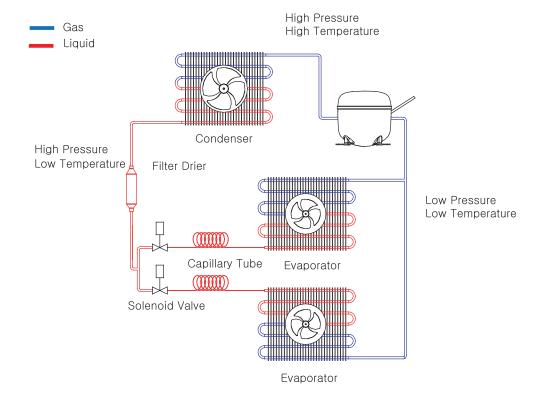


Fig 3-1

3.2 Dual Temperature Refrigeration Cycle



4. WHERE TO INSTALL



1. The unit should be installed on a level surface.

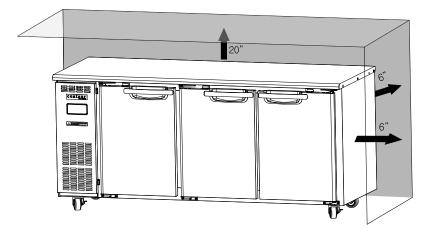
CAUTION: Temperature and drainage issues will occur if the product is tilted slightly forward or backward. If necessary, adjust the height of the caster(s) by using washers to ensure that the unit is leveled.

- 2. The unit is designed for indoor and commercial use. Outdoor installation will cause a decrease in performance and significant damage if exposed to sunlight and rain.
- 3. Do not install the unit under a shelf or any location where a foreign object could fall into the condensing unit area or the top of the cabinet.
- 4. Select a location away from heat and moisture generating equipment such as a stove, oven, dish washer, etc.
- 5. Minimum Clearance Requirements [Figure 4–1] Top: 20" above the condensing unit Back & Side: 6" at the back and each side
- 6. Do not tilt the unit during delivery and installation. Compressor oil might run into condensing coil through high pressure pipe, which will cause pressure problems due to a clog in the capillary tube.

CAUTION: If minimum clearances are not maintained, cooling capacity will be reduced. This may lead to product loss or premature component failure.

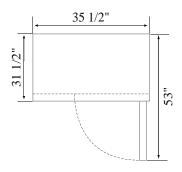
- 7. The four casters supplied by the manufacturer must be installed. Failure to do so will cause a malfunction in the condensate pan heater located underneath the cabinet.
- 8 . Ambient Temperature for Condenser

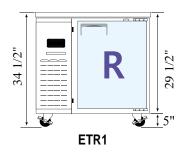
Minimum: 50°F Maximum: 90°F

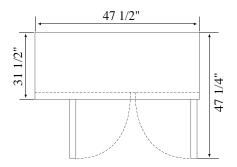


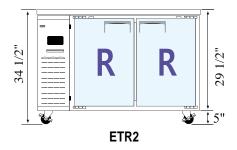


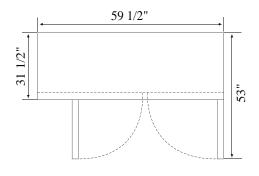
5.1 Dimension & Room Section

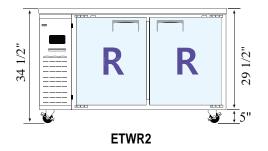


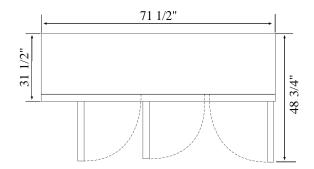


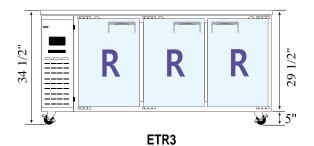






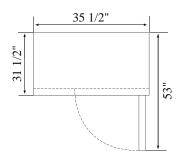


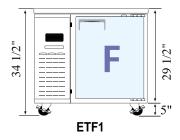


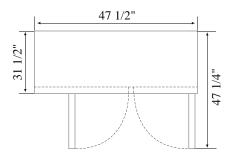


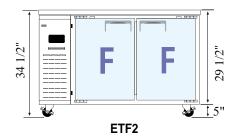


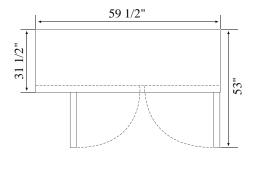
5.1 Dimension & Room Section

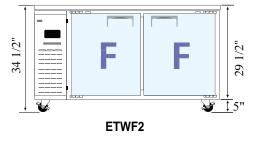


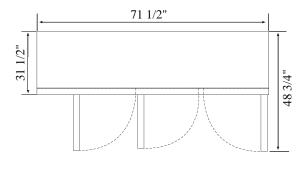
















5.2 Electricity Per Model

| | | ı | · | ı | · | ı | 1 | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------|--|--|
| MODEL | | ETR1 | ETF1 | ETR2 | ETF2 | ETRW2 | ETWF2 | | |
| Product | | Solid Door Units (Refrigerators/Freezers) | | | | | | | |
| Dimensions | Exterior | 900 x 700 x 840 | | 1200 x | 1200 x 700 x 840 | | 700 x 840 | | |
| (W x D x H) Interior | | 550 x 530 x 610 | | 850 x 530 x 610 | | 1150 x 530 x 610 | | | |
| Doors | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | |
| She | elves | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | |
| Capa | icity(ℓ) | 1 | 77 | 2 | 75 | 3 | 70 | | |
| Insulation 6 | Blowing Agent | | | R1 | 41b | | | | |
| | Compressor | FFI8.5HAKW | FFI10HAKW | FFI8.5HAKW | NE2134GK | FFI8.5HAKW | NE2134GK | | |
| | Refrigerant | R-134A | R-134A | R-134A | R-404A | R-134A | R-404A | | |
| Refrigeration: | Charge | 230g | 270g | 240g | 350g | 240g | 360g | | |
| Unit | Capillary tube | 0.96Øx1650 | 0.9Øx2600 | 0.96Øx1650 | 0.96Øx1550 | 0.96Øx1650 | 0.96Øx1550 | | |
| | Condenser | 3/8x2Rx13S | 3/8x2Rx13S | 3/8x2Rx13S | 3/8x4Rx13S | 3/8x2Rx13S | 3/8x4Rx13S | | |
| | Evaporator | 3/8x4Rx7S | 3/8x4Rx9S | 3/8x4Rx7S | 3/8x4Rx9S | 3/8x4Rx7S | 3/8x4Rx9S | | |
| Power Voltage | | | 220-240 V ~, 50Hz | | | | | | |
| Rated | Current | 2.12 (A) | 1.76 (A) | 2.33 (A) | 4.13 (A) | 2.44 (A) | 4.15 (A) | | |
| Defros | t Current | 2.15 (A) | 1.87 (A) | 2.21 (A) | 2.44 (A) | 2.23 (A) | 1.98 (A) | | |
| PCB | PZBUSNP0E1K | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Controller | PZBUC0H011K | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | |
| Evaporato | or fan motor | | 220V, 50-60Hz,12W | | | | | | |
| Condense | er fan motor | 240V, 50Hz,27W | | | | | | | |
| Lig | nting | | | Lamp, 2 | 240V 25W | | | | |
| Relay | Spec | | N/A | | | | | | |
| | Q 'TY | | | | | | | | |
| Power Supply Cord Set | | H05VV-F , 3x1.0mm² , 250V~ , 10A | | | | | | | |
| Solenoid Spec | | Electrical: 220V $\pm 15\%$,Outlet Tube : $\emptyset 3.97$ Power Consumption: 7W, Inlet Tube: $\emptyset 6.35$ | | | | | | | |
| 3-WAY | Q 'TY | N/A | | | | | | | |
| Service Valve | 1/4" 3/8" | 2 N/A | | | | | | | |
| vaivo | 0/0 | | | 11 | // \ | | | | |

Table 5-1

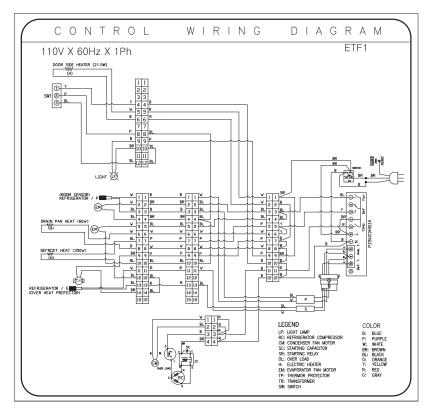


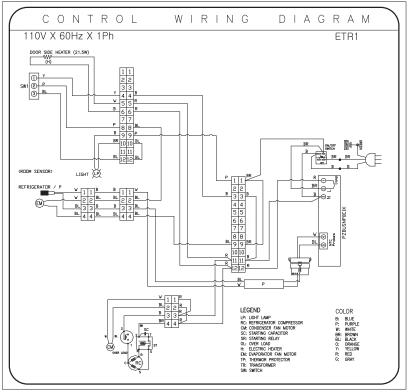
5.3 Electricity Per Model

| MODEL | | BC180C - 3RRRS-E | BC180C - 3FFFS-E | BC150C - 2FR0S-E | BC180C - 3FRRS-E | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------------|--|--|
| Product | | Solid Door Units (Chiller/Freezer) | | | | | |
| Dimensions | Exterior | 1800 x 700 x 8400 | | 1500 x 700 x 840 | 1800 x 700 x 8400 | | |
| (W x D x H) Interior | | 1450 x 530 x 610 | | 550(550) x 530 x 610 | 450(950) x 530 x 610 | | |
| Doors | | 3 3 2 | | 3 | | | |
| Sh | elves | 6 | 6 | 4 | 6 | | |
| Capa | acity(ℓ) | 41 | 69 | 177(F), 177(C) | 177(F), 275(C) | | |
| Insulation E | Blowing Agent | | | R141b | | | |
| | Compressor | FFI10HAKW | NE2134GK | NE2134GK | NE2134GK | | |
| | Refrigerant | R-134A | R-404A | R-404A | R-404A | | |
| Refrigerations | Charge | 370g | 350g | 350g | 350g | | |
| Unit | Capillary tube | 1.2Øx1650 | 1.0Øx1800 | 1.2Øx1650 | (1.0Øx1800)x2 | | |
| | Condenser | 3/8x3Rx13S | 3/8x4Rx13S | 3/8x4Rx13S | 3/8x4Rx13S | | |
| | Evaporator | 3/8x4Rx9S | 3/8x4Rx9S | 3/8x4Rx9S,3/8x4Rx7S | 3/8x4Rx9S,3/8x4Rx7S | | |
| Power | Voltage | 220-240 V ~, 50Hz | | | | | |
| Rated | Current | 2.55 (A) | 4.12 (A) | 4.15 (A) | 4.21 (A) | | |
| Defros | t Current | 2.88 (A) | 3.37 (A) | 4.05 (A) | 4.96 (A) | | |
| PCB | PZBUSNP0E1K | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | |
| Controller | PZBUC0H011K | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Evaporato | or fan motor | 220V, 50-60Hz,12W | | | | | |
| Condense | er fan motor | 240V, 50Hz,27W | | | | | |
| Lig | hting | Lamp, 240V 25W | | | | | |
| Relay Spec | | N/A | | Contact Rating: 30A 250VAC, 30A 30VDC Rated Coil Voltage: 220VAC | | | |
| | Q 'TY | | 11051475 | - | 2 | | |
| Power Sup Solenoid | pply Cord Set | | | x1.0mm², 250V~, 10A 15%,Outlet Tube: ¢3 | 07 | | |
| Valve Spec | | | Power Consumpti | ion: 7W, Inlet Tube: ¢6 | | | |
| 3-WAY | Q 'TY | | /A | | 2 | | |
| Service Valve | 1/4" 3/8" | 2 | /A | 2 | 2 | | |
| valve 3/8 | | 111 | / / X | 1 | 1 | | |

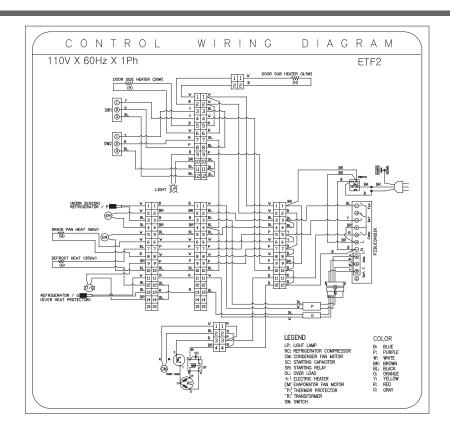
Table 5-2

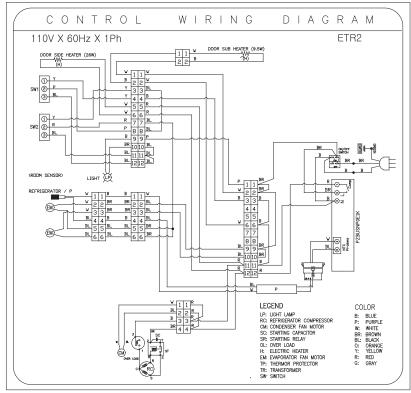




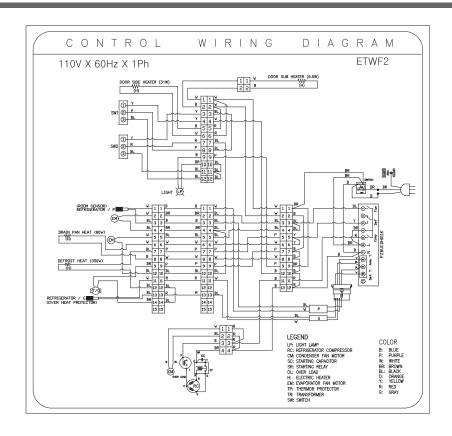


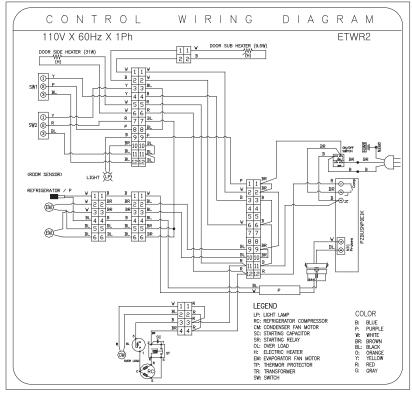




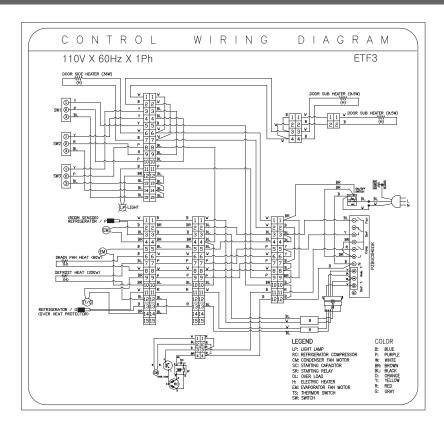


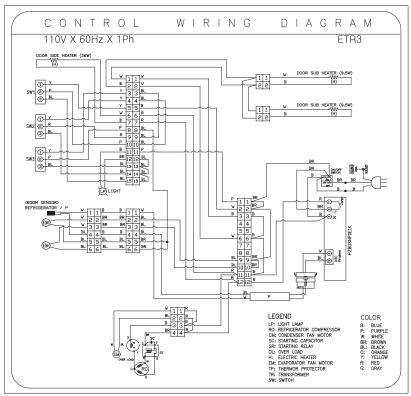




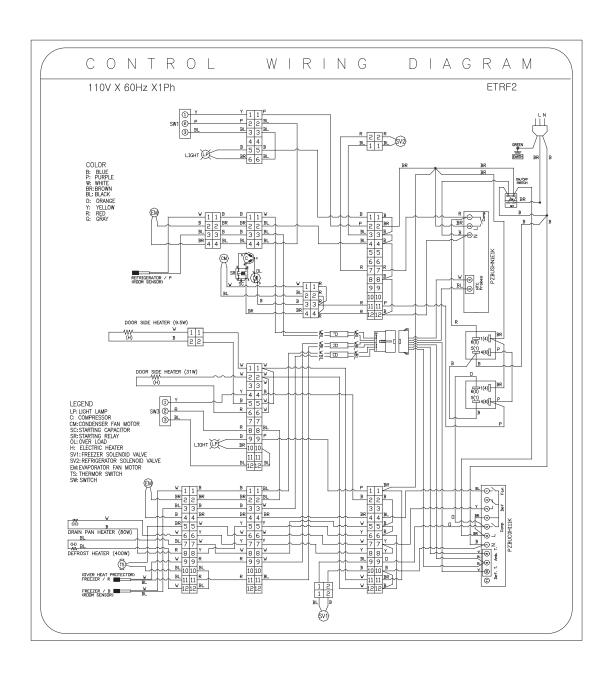




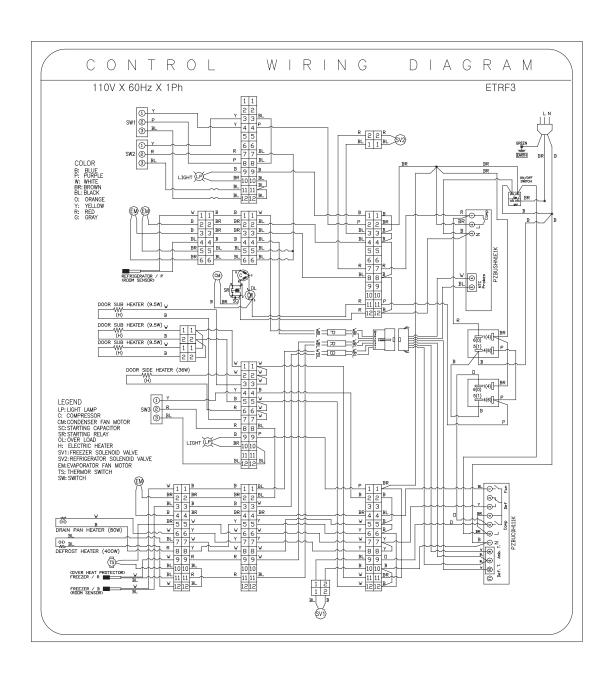












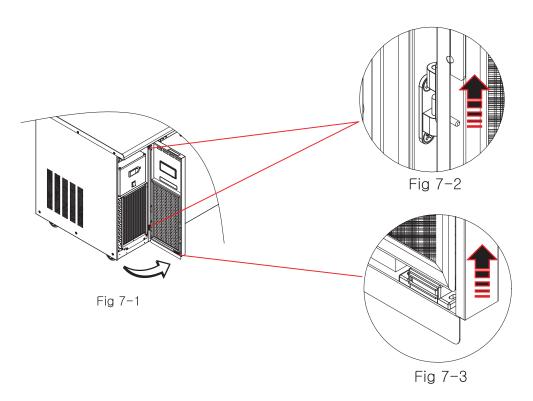
7. Disassembling the Machine Room for Service



For controller operation, cleaning or other A/S related service, first remove the cover of the machine room as seen in Fig 7–10. For the removal of the machine room's rear and side plates, please refer to 7.2 and 7.3.

7.1 Removal and Disassembly of the Cover

The machine room cover is held by two hinges (Fig 7-2) and a magnet (Fig 7-3). Swing the cover along the direction of the arrow (Fig 7-1). To completely remove the cover, lift it up vertically to detach it from the body frame (Fig 7-2).

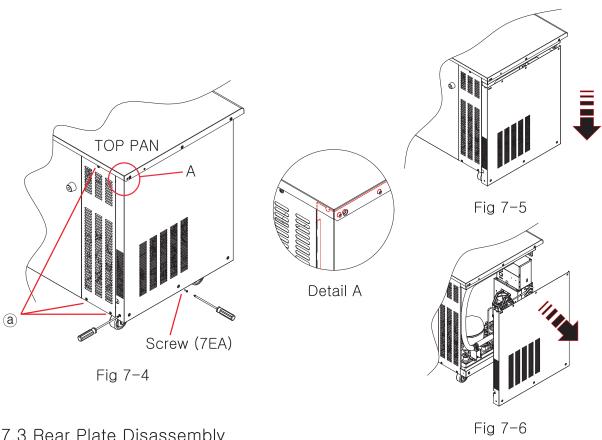


7.2 Side Plate Disassembly

To remove the side plate, it is necessary to loosen 6 side screws and 1 rear screw. Note that the top corner of is inserted inside the plate. Pull it out to detach.

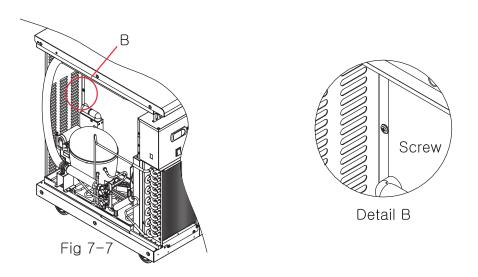
7. Disassembling the Machine Room for Service





7.3 Rear Plate Disassembly

To remove the rear plate, first remove the side plate as shown in Fig 7.2 and loosen 3 "@" screws marked in Fig 7-4. The rear plate detaches when the last bolt inside the machine room is unscrewed.



8. ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER



How to operate the controller

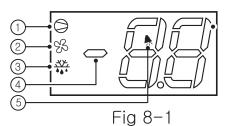


8.1 Display (User Interface)

The console is a typical 3-button CAREL display which regularly shows values from the operating sensor and alternately represents temperature and alarm codes once an alarm is generated.

8.2 LED Display Symbols (Fig 8-1)

- ①, : ON if compressor output is ON.
- 2, : ON if evaporator fan is in operation.
- ③.: ON if manual and electric defrost is in operation.
- 4, : ON if temperature is displayed (-99 \sim 99 $^{\circ}$).
- (5), : Alarm in progress.



8.3 Button Symbols (Fig 8-2)

- ①,: Output ON/OFF if pressed for over 3 seconds.
- ②,: Changes operating values if pressed for 1 second.

 Access parameter settings if pressed for over 3 seconds.
- ③,: Manual defrost ON/OFF if pressed for over 3 seconds.

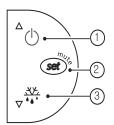


Fig 8-2

8.4 Checking and Changing Operating Values

To check operating values, press button for 1 second. Preset values flickers.

Change the values by using buttons and press button.

8.5 Manual Defrost ON/OFF

Defrost ON: press Down button for 3 seconds and longer.

Defrost OFF: press Down button for 3 seconds and longer while on defrost.

8.6 Parameter Settings

Press key for over 3 seconds and it displays parameters and then displays [PS]. Move to the desired parameter code by using Up or Down keys and press key to save the changed values.

To exit the menu, press key over 3 seconds.

(The present temperature is displayed)

8. ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER



8.7 Parameter Settings ("C" parameter)

Hold down key for over 3 seconds so it displays parameters and then [PS]. Press again so it displays "00." Enter "22" for the password and press The first parameter "/2" is displayed.

Move to the desired parameter code by using $^{\bullet}$ Up or ** Down keys and press ** Change a selected parameter by using $^{\bullet}$ Up or ** Down keys.

Press key to save the changed values. .

To exit the menu, hold down the key over 3 seconds.

(The present temperature will be displayed)

8.8 Table of Alarms and Signals.

When an alarm is activated, the display shows the corresponding message that alternately flashes with the temperature. If fitted and enabled, the buzzer and the alarm relay are also activated.

All the alarms have automatic reset (that is, they stop when the cause of alarm is no longer present). The exception to this is alarm "CHt" which has a manual reset.

| Alarm Code | Buzzer And Alarm Relay | LED | Alarm Description |
|---------------|------------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| E0 | active | ON | probe 1 error = control |
| E1 | not active | ON | probe 2 error = defrost |
| LO | active | ON | low temperature alarm |
| HI | HI active | | high temperature alarm |
| EE not active | | ON | unit parameter error |
| | not active | OFF | defrost running |

Table 8-1

8. ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER



8.9 Table of Easy Parameters.

NOTES: "F" means that the parameters can be accessed without a password.

"C" means that the parameters are protected by a password.

Type "A": ETR1, ETR2. ETWR2

ETR3, ETRF2 (Refrigerator)

ETRF3 (Refrigerator)

Type "B": ETF1, ETF2, ETWF2

ETF3, ETRF2 (Freezer)

ETRF3 (Feezer)

| Nama | lame Description | | Type " A " | | Type "B" | |
|------|--------------------------------|----|------------|-----|----------|--|
| Name | | | Vis. | Def | Vis. | |
| Pw | Password | 22 | F | 22 | F | |
| /2 | /2 Probe measurement stability | 15 | С | 15 | С | |
| /4 | /4 Select probe display | 1 | С | 1 | С | |
| /5 | /5 Select u.d.m. probe °C / °F | 1 | С | 1 | С | |
| /6 | /6 Disable decimal point | 1 | С | 1 | С | |
| /C1 | /C1 Probe 1 offset | 0 | F | 0 | F | |
| /C2 | /C2 Probe 2 offset | 0 | F | 0 | F | |
| /C3 | /C3 Probe 3 offset | 0 | С | 0 | С | |
| St | Set point | 35 | S | -4 | S | |
| rd | rd Control differential | 4 | F | 4 | F | |





| r1 | r1 Minimum set point value | 1 | С | -23 | С |
|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|
| r2 | r2 Maximum set point value | 12 | С | 12 | С |
| r3 | r3 Select direct / reverse operation | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| r4 | r4 Night-time set point delta | 3 | С | 3 | С |
| с0 | c0 Compressor and fan start delay on power-up | 1 | С | 1 | С |
| с1 | c1 Minimum time between consecutive compressor starts | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| c2 | c2 Minimum compressor off time | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| сЗ | c3 Minimum compressor on time | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| с4 | c4 Duty setting | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| СС | cc Continuous cycle duration | 4 | С | 4 | С |
| с6 | c6 Temperature alarm bypass after continuous cycle | 2 | С | 2 | С |
| d0 | d0 Type of Defrost | 0 | С | 2 | С |
| dl | dl Interval between defrost | 6 | F | 6 | F |
| dt | dt End defrost temperature set point | 16 | С | 16 | С |
| dΡ | dP Maximum defrost duration ALARM_ED | 20 | F | 20 | F |
| d4 | d4 Defrost when switching the instrument on | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| d5 | d5 Defrost delay on power-up | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| d6 | d6 Freeze control temperature display during defrost | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| dd | dd Dripping time | 2 | С | 2 | С |
| d8 | d8 Alarm bypass time after defrost | 1 | С | 1 | С |
| d9 | d9 Defrost priority over compressor protectors | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| d/ | d/ Defrost probe reading | _ | F | _ | F |
| dC | dC time base | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| Α0 | A0 Alarm and fan temperature differential | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| AL | AL Absolute/relative temperature for low temp. alarm | -50 | С | -50 | С |
| АН | AH Absolute/relative temperature for high temp. alarm | 50 | С | 50 | С |
| Ad | Ad Temperature alarm delay | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| A4 | A4 3rd input configuration | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| Α7 | A7 Digital input alarm delay | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| A8 | A8 Enable alarm ED(end defrost by timeout) | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| Ac | Ac Set point dirty condenser alarm | 70 | С | 70 | С |
| ΑE | AE Dirty condenser alarm differential temperature | 5 | С | 5 | С |
| Acd | Acd Dirty condensor alarm delay | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| F0 | F0 Enable evaporator fan control | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| F1 | F1 Evaporator fan control set point | 5 | С | 5 | С |
| F2 | F2 Stop evaporator fan if compressor off | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| F3 | F3 Evaporator fan status during defrost | 1 | С | 1 | С |
| Fd | Fd Post-dropping time | 1 | С | 5 | С |
| Н0 | H0 Serial address | 1 | С | 1 | С |
| H1 | H1 AUX output configuration | 0 | С | 0 | С |
| H2 | H2 Enable keypad | 1 | С | 1 | С |
| H5 | H5 Detect changed parameters | 1 | С | 1 | С |
| EZY | Rapid parameter set selection | 0 | С | 0 | С |

Table 8-2



9.1 Control Box Assembly

Warning: Make sure that the power is disconnected before servicing the unit. Allow for sufficient working area to ensure your safety and the safety of the unit. Please note that grounding is necessary when reinstalling the unit after service.

9.1.1 How to Disassemble the Control Box Assembly

Remove the machine room cover to gain access to the control box. (Fig 7-2).

Unscrew the 2 bolts securing the condensing unit. Pull the unit out until there is sufficient room for service (Fig 9-2).

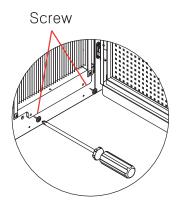
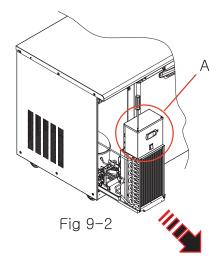
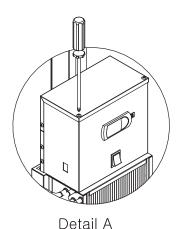
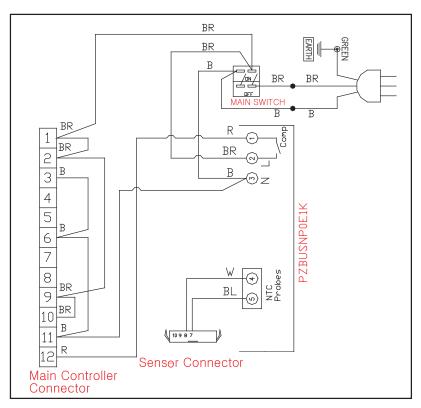


Fig 9-1

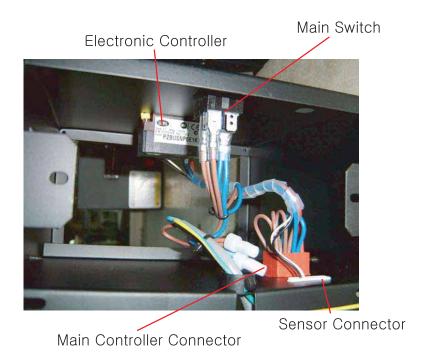




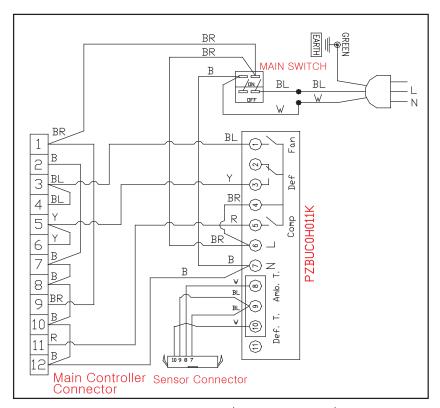
To access the control box interior, unscrew the 4 bolts located on the top cover of the housing. To replace the entire control box assembly, remove the main controller connector and sensor connector. Unbolt the screws fixing the control box housing to to the condenser coil in the machine compartment. Also unbolt the screws fixing the grounding wire and power cord set.



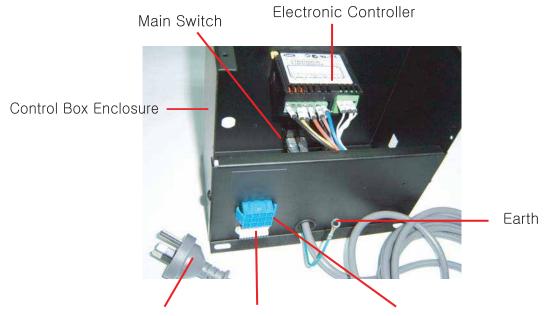
DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETR3)



Pic 9-1 (Model: ETR3)



DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETF3)

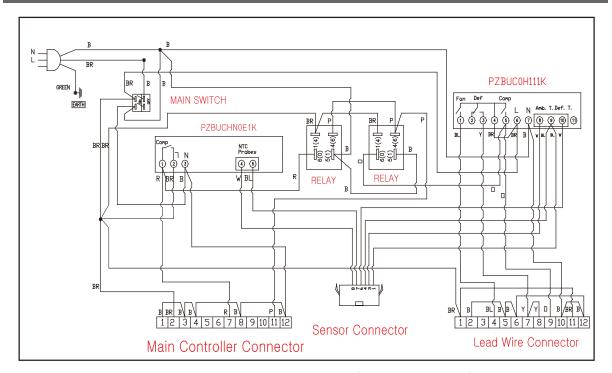


Power Cord Set Sensor Connector Main Controller Connector

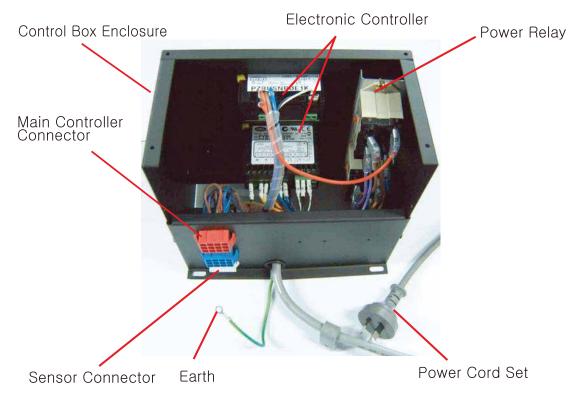
Pic 9-2 (Model: ETF3)

9. SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS





DETAILED DIAGRAM (Model: ETRF3)



Pic 9-3 (Model: ETRF3)

9. SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS



9.1.2 Electronic Controller

| Model | PZBUC0H0E1K |
|---|---|
| Power Supply (*) | 230 Vac +10 /-15% 50/60 Hz; |
| Rated Power | 3.5 VA |
| Inputs (*) | NTC probe |
| Relay Outputs (*) | 16A relay UL: 12 A resistive 5 FLA, 30 LRA 250 Vac 30000 cycles EN60730-1: 12(2)A or 10(4)A (N.O. only) 250 Vac |
| Type Of Probe (*) | Std CAREL NTC 10 KΩ at 25 °C |
| Power supply/ relay output connector (*) | screw terminals pitch 5mm for cables with cross-sect. from 0.5 mm2 to1.5 mm2; 12 A max;. |
| Probe connector(*) | screw terminals: - 2-pin pitch 5mm for models with 1 probe (cable cross-section from 0.5 mm2 to 1.5 mm2); 12 A max; |
| Assembly (*) | using screws from the front |
| Display | LED display, 2 digits plus sign, decimal point and compressor icon |
| Keypad | 3 buttons with membrane |
| Operating conditions | -10T50 °C - humidity <90% rH non-condensing |
| Storage conditions | -20T70 °C - humidity <90% rH non-condensing |
| Range of measurement | -50T90 °C (-58T194 °F) - resolution 0.1 °C/°F |
| Front panel index of protection | panel installation with IP65 gasket |
| Case | plastic terminal, 81x36x38 mm |
| Classification according to protection against electric shock | Class II when suitably integrated |
| Environmental pollution | II |
| PTI of the insulating material | 250 V |
| Period of stress across the insulating parts | long |
| Category of resistance to heat and fire | category D (UL94 - V0) |
| Immunity against voltage surges | category 1 |
| Type of action and disconnection | micro-disconnection 1C |
| No. of relay automatic operating cycles (*) | EN60730-1:100,000 operations UL:30,000 operations (250 Vac) |
| Software class and structure | Class A |
| Cleaning the instrument | Only use neutral detergents and water. |
| Cable max. length | serial: 1 km, probes: 30 m, relay: 10 m |

Table 9-1



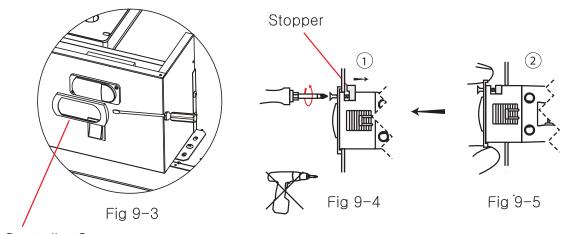


| Model | PZBUC0H011K |
|---|---|
| Power Supply (*) | 230 Vac +10 /-15% 50/60 Hz; |
| Rated Power | 3.5 VA |
| Inputs (*) | NTC probes 1 or 3 inputs. Digital input as alternative to third probe |
| | 1.5HP relay on Pin -5 UL: 12 A Res. 10 FLA 60 LRA - 250 Vac |
| Relay Outputs (*) | 8A relay on Pin -3 UL: 8 A Res. 2 FLA 12 LRA - 250 Vac C300, EN60730-1: 8(4) A NO, 6(4) A NC, 2(2) A CO - 250 Vac |
| | 8A relay on Pin -1 UL: 8 A Res. 2 FLA 12 LRA - 250 Vac C300, EN60730-1: 8(4) A NO, 6(4) A NC, 2(2) A CO - 250 Vac |
| Type Of Probe (*) | Std CAREL NTC 10 KΩ at 25 °C |
| Connections (*) | screw terminals for cables with cross-sect. from 0.5 mm2 to 1.5 mm2. Rated maximum current per terminal 12 A. |
| Assembly (*) | terminal: using screws from the front panel. Interface: wall |
| Display | 3 digit LED display with sign (-199 to 999) and decimal point; six status LEDs |
| operating conditions | -10T50 °C - humidity <90% rH non-condensing |
| storage conditions | -20T70 °C - humidity <90% rH non-condensing |
| front panel index of protection | panel installation with IP65 gasket |
| case | plastic terminal, 81x36x65 mm |
| classification according to protection against electric shock | Class II when suitably integrated |
| environmental pollution | normal |
| PTI of the insulating material | 250 V |
| period of stress across the insulating | long |
| category of resistance to heat and fire | category D (UL94 - V0) |
| immunity against voltage surges | category 1 |
| type of action and disconnection | 1C relay contacts |
| no. of relay automatic operating | EN60730-1:100,000 operations |
| software class and structure | Class A |
| cleaning the instrument | Only use neutral detergents and water. |
| cable max. length | serial: 1 km probes: 30 m relay: 10 m |

Table 9-2



9.1.3 How to Remove the Electronic Controller



Controller Cover

Remove the controller cover by using a blunt / flat tool as shown in the above figure (Fig 9-3). Use a (+) screwdriver to loosen the two screws on the controller until you get a gap on the stopper (Fig 9-4). Pull out the controller from the control box.

Reassemble in reverse order. (Fig 9-5)

9.1.4 Power Cord Set

When replacing the power cord set, check to ensure it is rated. Unrated components may cause a fire, fault or electrical shock. To re-wire the power cord set, twist the same colored wires together (natural + natural, live + live). Tighten it using a close end connector (Fig 9-6).



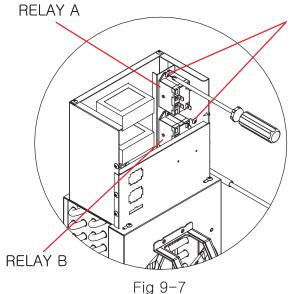
Fig 9-6

When selecting a new power cord set, refer to Table 5. Currently, new sets should have equal or higher capacity. Ensure that the replacement is suitable to avoid electrical-related accidents.



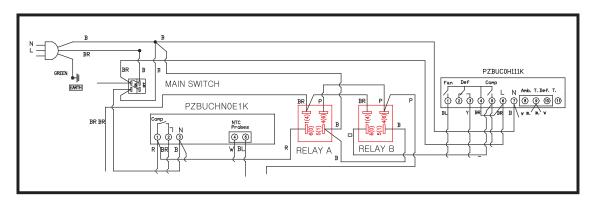
9.1.5 How to Remove the Relay

Warning: Make sure the power is disconnected before servicing. Wait until the condenser fan is stopped completely. Due to the weight of the unit assembly, at least 2 people are recommended for this task.



Screw

Before replacing the relay, remove the control cover (Fig 7.1 and 9.1.1.) Remove the two screws holding the relay in place. When selecting a new relay, refer to Table 5. Currently, new relays should have equal or higher capacity. Ensure the replacement is suitable to avoid electrical-related accidents.



DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETRF3)



9.2 Condensing Unit Assembly

Warning: Make sure the power is disconnected before servicing.

Wait until the condenser fan is stopped completely.

9.2.1 How to Remove the Condensing Unit Assembly

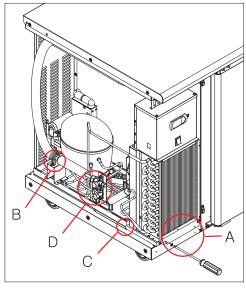
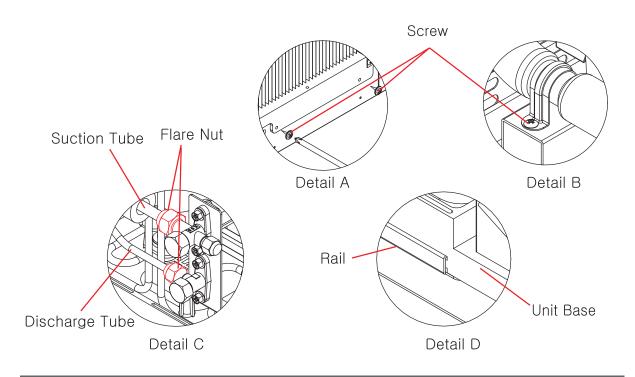


Fig 9-8

- 1. To remove the condensing unit, detach the machine room cover. Refer to Fig 7.1 and Fig 9.1.1.
- 2. Remove two screws on the unit base (Detail A).
- 3. Remove two screws on the clamp holding the suction pipe in place (Detail A).
- 4. To disassemble the suction pipe assembly, use a spanner to loosen the high/low pressure flare nuts connected to the service valve (Detail A).
- 5. Detach the Condensing Unit Connector, Main Controller Connector, and Sensor Connector.
- 6. Loosen the screws and the grounding screw(s) coupled in the inner wall of the machine room.
- 7. Since the unit base is coupled with the rail, set it down and pull it out to detach.

 (Detail A).

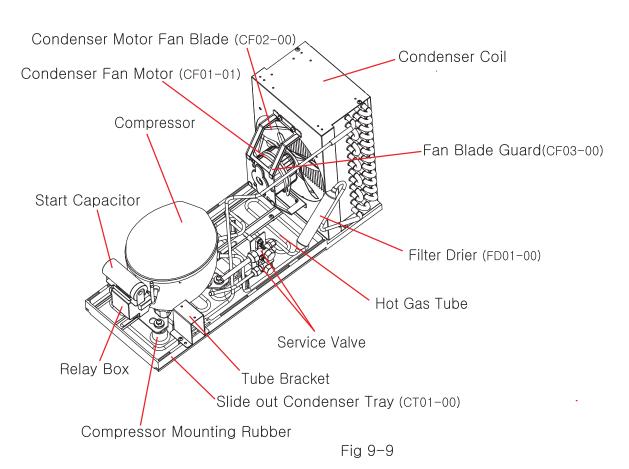


9. SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS





9.2.2 Components of Condensing Unit Assembly (Normal System)

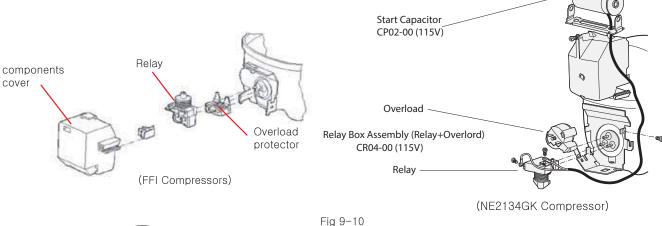


9. SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS



9.2.3 How to Remove the Compressor

- 1. Open compressor's electrical components housing and remove the lead wire coupled into the power motor and other parts. This is connected to the relay and overload protector. (Fig 9-10)
- 2. Before removing the compressor, check the machine for remaining refrigerant.
- 3. To remove remaining refrigerant and balance internal pressure, cut the process tube.
- 4. Remove discharge tube and suction tube by using a gas burner.
- 5. Loosen the nuts on the compressor. (Fig 9-11)
- 6. Lift up the compressor to detach.



Nut

Process
Connector
Connector
Connector

Detail A

Fig 9-11

9.SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS



9.2.4 Compressor Technical Data

| Model | | | FFI8.5HAKW [1/4HP] | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-------|--|
| Туре | | | Hermetic reciprocating compressor | | | | | | |
| Refrigerant | | | R-134a | | | | | | |
| Nominal voltage and frequency | | | 220-240 / 50 [V / Hz] | | | | | | |
| Application type | | | Low-Medium B | Low-Medium Back Pressure | | | | | |
| Evaporating temperature range | | | -35°C to −5°C | | | | | | |
| Motor ty | ре | | | RSIR/CSIR | | | | | |
| Starting | torque | | | LST - Low Star | ting Torque | | | | |
| Expansion | on device | | | Capillary tube | | | | | |
| Maximun | n conden | sing pr | essures | | | | | | |
| Operatin | g (gauge |) | | 16.2 [kgf/cm²] | | (230 psig) | | | |
| Peak (ga | auge) | | | 20.6 [kgf/cm²] | | (293 psig) | | | |
| Maximun | n winding | tempe | rature | 130 | | [%] | | | |
| Performa | ance | | | | | | | | |
| Cooling | capacity | | Power consumption | Current consumption | Gas flow rate | EFFICIENCY RATE | | | |
| [Btu/h] | [kcal/h] | [W] | [W] | [A] | [kg/h] | [Btu/Wh] | [Btu/Wh] | [W/W] | |
| 702 | 177 | 206 | 157 | 1.34 | 3.99 | 4.49 | 1.13 | 1.32 | |
| Start cap | pacitor | | | 64-77(200) | 64-77(200) [μF(VAC minimum)] | | | | |
| Motor pr | otection | (externa | al) | | | | | | |
| Code | | | | 4TM757KDBYY-53 | | | | | |
| Opening | Tempera | ıture | | | | | | | |
| Closing | Temperat | ure | | | | | | | |
| | Current at | 25ºC (| 77ºF) | | | | | | |
| Reaction | | | | | | | | | |
| Current f | | | | | | | | | |
| Pick Up Current (A) | | | | | | | | | |
| Drop-Out Current (A) | | | | | | | | | |
| | EXTERNAL CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 6.5 | | [mm] | | | | |
| DISCHAF | | | | 6.5 [mm] | | | | | |
| PROCES | SS | | | [mm] | | | | | |

[Compressor: FFI8.5-HAKW]

Table 9-3



9.2.5 Compressor Technical Data

| Model F | | FFI10-HAKW [1/3HP] | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------|-------|--|
| Туре | | | Hermetic reciprocating compressor | | | | | | |
| Refrigerant | | | R-134a | | | | | | |
| Nominal voltage and frequency | | | 220-230 / 50-60 | | [V / Hz] | [V / Hz] | | | |
| Applicat | ion type | | | Low-Medium E | ack Pressure | Э | | | |
| Evapora | ting temp | erature | range | -35[℃] to -5 | -35[℃] to -5[℃] | | | | |
| Motor ty | pe | | | RSIR/CSIR | | | | | |
| Starting | torque | | | LST - Low Star | ting Torque | | | | |
| Expansion | on device | | | Capillary tube | | | | | |
| Maximur | n conden | sing p | ressures | | | | | | |
| Operatin | g (gauge |) | | 16.2 [kgf/cm²] | | (230 psig) | | | |
| Peak (ga | auge) | | | 20.6[kgf/cm²] | | (293 psig) | (293 psig) | | |
| Maximur | n winding | tempe | erature | 130 | | [%] | [%] | | |
| Performa | ance | | | | | | | | |
| Cooling | capacity | | Power consumption | Current consumption | Gas flow rate | EFFICIENC | EFFICIENCY RATE | | |
| [Btu/h] | [kcal/h] | [W] | [W] | [A] | [kg/h] | [Btu/Wh] | [Btu/Wh] | [W/W] | |
| 850 | 214 | 249 | 191 | 1.73 | 4.83 | 4.45 | 1.12 | 1.3 | |
| Start car | pacitor | | | 53-64(230) | | [μF(VAC m | ninimum)] | | |
| Motor pr | otection | (extern | al) | | | | | | |
| Code | | | | 4TM757KFBYY-53 | | | | | |
| Opening | Tempera | ature | | 105°C (221°F) | | | | | |
| | Temperat | | | 61°C (141,8°F) | | | | | |
| Triping (| Current at | 25ºC | (77ºF) | 9,8 A | | | | | |
| Reaction | | | | 5.0s - 15.0s | | | | | |
| Current | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| Pick Up Current (A) | | | 6,8 | | | | | | |
| Drop-Out Current (A) | | | 5,2 | | | | | | |
| EXTERN. | EXTERNAL CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| SUCTION | | | 6.5 | | [mm] | [mm] | | | |
| DISCHARGE | | | 6.5 [mm] | | | | | | |
| PROCES | SS | | | 6.5 | | [mm] | | | |

[Compressor: FFI10-HAKW]

Table 9-4



9.2.6 Compressor Technical Data

| Model | | NE 2134GK [1/2HP] | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|-----------------|-------|
| Type | | | Hermetic reciprocating compressor | | | | | |
| Refrigerant | | | R-404a | | | | | |
| Nominal | voltage a | and fre | quency | 220-240 / 50 | | [V / Hz] | [V / Hz] | |
| Applicat | ion type | | | Low-Medium Back Pressure | | | | |
| Evapora | ting temp | erature | e range | -40[°C] to −10[°C] | | | | |
| Motor ty | ре | | | CSIR | | | | |
| Starting | torque | | | LST - Low Star | ting Torque | | | |
| Expantio | on device | | | Capillary tubeo | r Expansion v | valve | | |
| Maximur | m conder | nsing p | ressures | | | | | |
| Operatir | ng (gauge |)) | | 25.7 [kgf/cm²] | | (365 psig) | | |
| Peak (ga | auge) | | | 28.7 [kgf/cm²] | | (408 psig) | | |
| Maximur | m winding | g tempe | erature | 130 | | [℃] | [%] | |
| Perform | ance | | | | | | | |
| | | | Power | Current | Gas flow | 5551015116 | EFFICIENCY RATE | |
| Cooling | capacity | | consumption | consumption | rate | EFFICIENC | | |
| [Btu/h] | [kcal/h] | [W] | [W] | [A] | [kg/h] | [Btu/Wh] | [Btu/Wh] | [W/W] |
| 1629 | 411 | 477 | 388 | 2.59 | 11.04 | 4.2 | 1.06 | 1.23 |
| Start car | pacitor | | | 53-64(230) | [\(\mu \)F(VAC minimum)] | | | |
| Motor pr | rotection | (extern | al) | | | 1 | | |
| Code | | | | T0546/G6 | | | | |
| Opening | , Tempera | ature | | | | | | |
| Closing | Tempera | ture | | | | | | |
| Triping (| Current at | t 25ºC | (77ºF) | | | | | |
| Reaction | | | | | | | | |
| Current Relay | | | 1 | | | | | |
| Pick Up Current (A) | | | | | | | | |
| Drop-Out Current (A) | | | | | | | | |
| EXTERN | AL CHAR | ACTER | ISTICS | | | | | |
| SUCTION | | | 8.1 | | [mm] | | | |
| DISCHA | | | | 6.1 [mm] | | | | |
| PROCES | SS | | | [mm] | | | | |

[Compressor: NE2134GK]

Table 9-5



9.2.7 Compressor Troubleshooting

| | Line disconnected. Starting relay open | Check the line and the starting relay contacts. |
|--|---|--|
| Compressor will | Overload protector tripping. | Check the electrical connections. |
| not start - No hum. | Thermostat not correctly adjusted. | Reset or replace the thermostat. |
| | Electrical connections improper or loose. | Check wiring against diagram, or tighten the connections. |
| | Improperly wired. | Check wiring against diagram. Redo the electrical connections according to the electrical diagram. |
| | Low voltage at the compressor. | Determine reason and correct.v |
| Compressor will not start (hums) but trip on the | Start capacitor defective. | Determine reason and replace the capacitor if necessary. |
| overload protector. | Relay failing to close. | Determine reason and correct, replace the relay if necessary. |
| | Compressor motor has a winding open or shorted. | Replace the compressor. |
| | Internal mechanical problem in compressor. | Replace the compressor. |
| | Additional current passing through overload protector. | Check wiring diagram. Check for added fan motors, pump, etc. connected to the wrong side of protector. |
| | Low voltage at compressor (or unbalanced if three phase). | Determine reason and correct. |
| | Overload protector defective. | Check current, replace protector. |
| Compressor starts and | Run capacitor defective. | Determine reason and replace. |
| runs, but short cycles on overload protector. | Excessively high discharge pressure. | Check ventilation, restrictions in cooling medium, restriction in refrigeration system. |
| | Excessively high suction pressure. | Check for possibility of incorrect application. Use stronger unit. |
| | Compressor too hot. Return gas hot. | Check refrigerant charge, repair leaks, and add gas if necessary. |
| | Compressor motor has a winding shorted | Replace the compressor. |



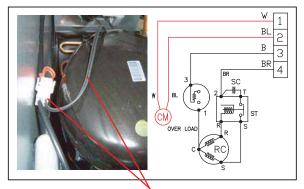


| | Improperly wired. | Check wiring against diagram. |
|--|--|--|
| | Low voltage at the compressor. | Determine reason and correct. |
| | Run capacitor defective. | Determine reason and replace. |
| | Relay failing to open. | Determine reason and correct, replace if necessary. |
| Compressor starts, but does not switch off of start winding. | Excessively high discharge pressure. | Check discharge shut-off valve, possible overcharge, or insufficient cooling at condenser. |
| | Compressor motor has a winding open or shorted. | Replace the compressor. |
| | Internal mechanical problem in compressor (tight). | Replace the compressor. |

Table 9-6



9.2.8 Condenser Fan Motor Assembly



Motor Wire & Motor terminal Pic 9-7

1. To replace the condenser fan motor. detach the motor terminal from the condensing unit connector (Fig 9-7).

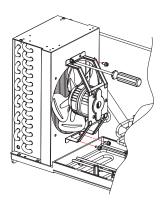
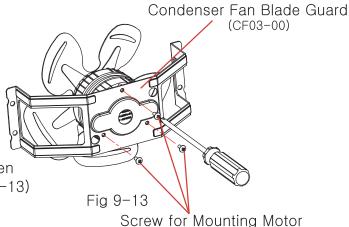


Fig 9-12

2. Loosen the bolts of the condenser fan motor assembly from the condenser. (Fig 9-12)



(CF05-00)

3. Loosen the connecting bolts between the fan motor and fan guard. (Fig 9-13)

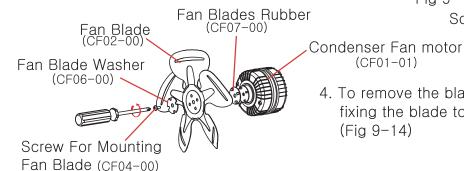


Fig 9-14

(CF01-01)4. To remove the blade, loosen the bolt

fixing the blade to the motor shaft. (Fig 9-14)



9.2.9 Replacing the Condenser and Filter Drier

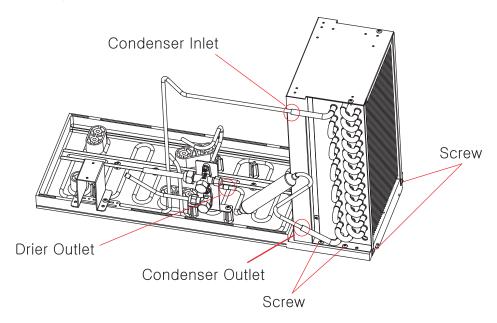
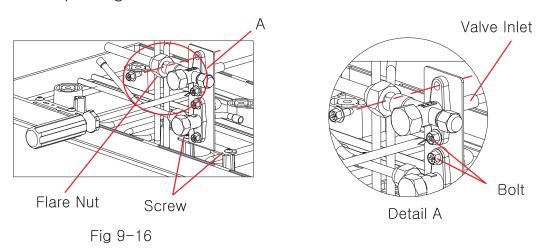


Fig 9-15

- 1. When replacing the condenser, remove the 6 screws on the front, left and right of the base.
- 2. Using a gas burner, take out the joint points marked in the figure above.
- 3. Refer to Table 5 to confirm the size of the condenser.
- 4. Re-assemble in the reverse order.

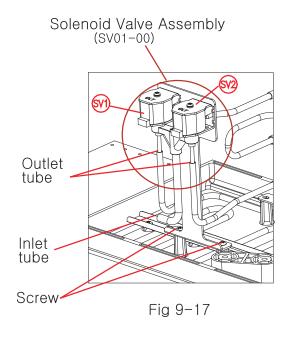
9.2.10 Replacing the Service Valve

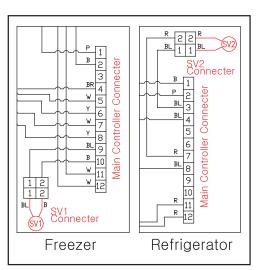




- 1. Using a gas burner, take out the pipes connected to the valve inlet.
- 2. Remove the flare nuts connected to valve outlet.
- 3. Loosen the screws on the service valve assembly bracket. Remove the pairs of bolts holding the valves in place.
- 4. Refer to Table 5 to confirm the Q·ty. and the size of the valve.
- 5. Reassemble in the reverse order.

9.2.11 Solenoid Valve (Dual Temperature System)





DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETRF2,ETRF3)

- 1. Take out the tubes connected to outlet tube and the inlet tube with the use of a gas burner.
- 2. In order to remove the solenoid valve, remove the two screws fixing the bracket to the base.
- 3. Refer to Table 5 to confirm the specs of the valve.
- 4. Reassemble in the reverse order.



9.3 Evaporator Parts

WARNING: Make sure that the power is disconnected before servicing.

Allow for sufficient working space to ensure your safety

and the safety of the unit.

9.3.1 Disassembling wire box cover

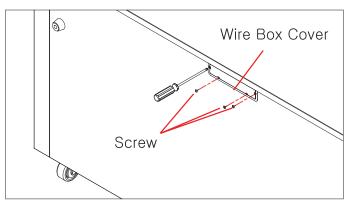
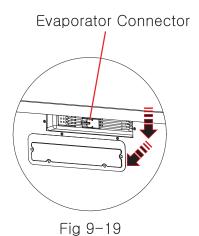
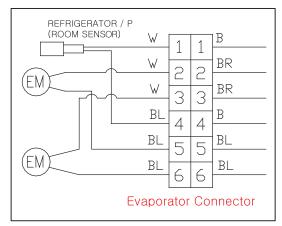


Fig 9-18





CIRCUIT DIAGRAM (Model: ETR3)

Pic 8-5

Follow these procedures when replacing the evaporator assembly (evaporator fan motor, defrost heater, room sensor, etc.)

- 1. Remove the 4 screws on the wire box cover located at the rear of the unit.
- 2. The top corner of the cover is inserted between the top pan and the body frame, push it down to detach.
- 3. Refer to the circuit diagram and detach the terminal for repair.



9.3.2 Evaporator Cover Assembly.

WARNING: Make sure that the power is disconnected before servicing.

Allow for sufficient working space to ensure your safety and the safety of the unit.

- 1. For refrigerators, the evaporator cover does not have a drain pan heater so it can be detached simply by removing the 5 screws that hold it in place. (Fig 9-20)
- 2. For freezers, the evaporator cover contains a drain pan heater. First remove the drain pan heater terminal from the connector by referring to 9.3.1. Proceed to remove the 5 screws that hold the cover in place.
- 3. Replace it with the new evaporator cover assembly or repair it by referring to the disassembly manual.
- 4. Reassemble in the reverse order.

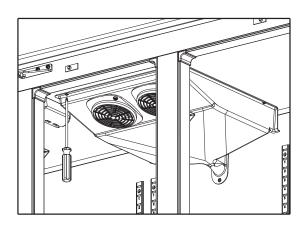
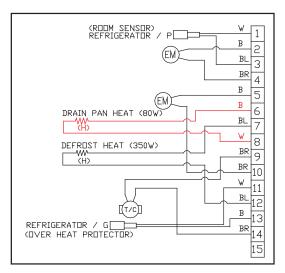


Fig 9-20



DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETF3)



9.3.3 Drain Pan Heater (Freezer, Dual Temperature Model)

1. Detach the evaporator cover assembly in accordance with the procedure described in 9.3.2

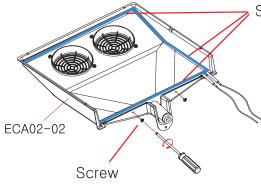


Fig 9-21

- Silicone Sealant
 - 2. Loosen and remove the two screws by the drain hole access tube. (Fig 9-21)
 - 3. Remove the marked silicone sealant. (Fig 9-21)



Drain Pan Cover



Drain Pan Heater



Insulation

Fig 9-22

- 4. Separate the drain pan from the cover.
- 5. Remove the insulation on the rear of the drain pan.
- 6. Remove the drain pan heater with the silver foil sheet is attachment.



7. Remove the protective sheet of the new drain pan heater and uniformly spread it onto the bottom. (Fig 9-23)

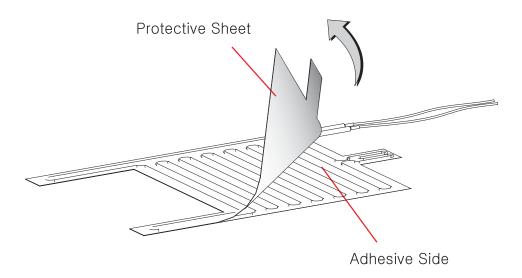


Fig 9-23

8. Reassemble in the reverse order.

IMPORTANT: During reassembly, ensure that it is air tight by using silicone sealant.

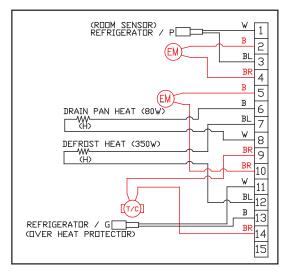


9.3.4 Evaporator Fan Motor And Defrost Termination Backup Switch

WARNING: Make sure that the power is disconnected before servicing.

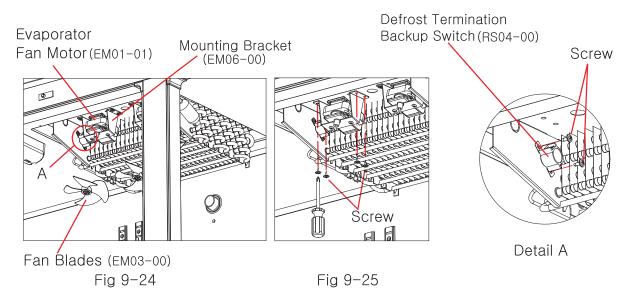
Allow for sufficient working space to ensure your safety

and the safety of the unit.



DETAIL DIAGRM (Model: ETF3)

- 1. For instructions on how to disassemble the evaporator cover, refer to 9.3.2.
- 2. For instructions on how to remove evaporator fan motor and DTBS, detach the evaporator fan motor and DTBS terminal from the connector, refer to 9.3.1 (Note that DTBS is only freezer or dual temperature units).
- 3. Pull out the fan blades from the motor. (Fig 9-24)
- 4. Remove the screws holding the motor in place. (Fig 9-25)
- 5. Remove the screws on the DTBS and install new parts. (Detail A)





9.3.5 Defrost Heater (Freezer, Dual Temperature Model)

WARNING: Make sure that the power is disconnected before servicing.

Allow for sufficient working space to ensure your safety

and the safety of the unit.

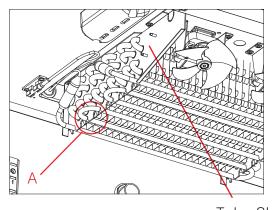
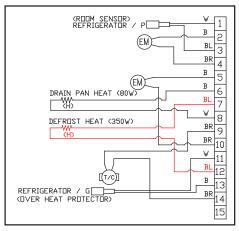


Fig 9-26 Tube Sheet



DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETF3)



DETAIL A

- 1. For instructions on how to disassemble the evaporator cover, please refer to 9.3.2.
- 2. To remove the defrost heater, detach the defrost heater terminal from the connector located in the condensing unit. Refer to 9.3.1.
- 3. To repair the defrost heater, spread the bent tube sheet blade using appropriate tools. (Fig 9-27)
- 4. Carefully separate the heater from the evaporator. (Fig 9-28)
- 5. Replace it with the new part.

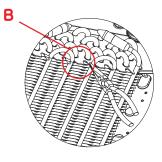


Fig 9-27



DETAIL B

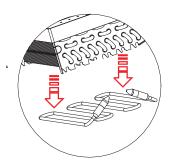


Fig 9-28



9.3.6 Room Sensor.

WARNING: Make sure that the power is disconnected before servicing.

Allow for sufficient working space to ensure your safety and the safety of the unit.

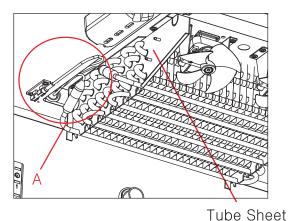
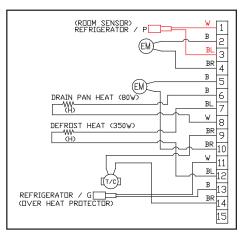
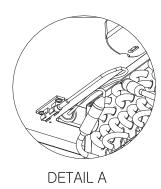


Fig 9-29



DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETF3)



- 1. For instructions on how to disassemble the evaporator cover, please refer to 9.3.2.
- 2. To remove the overheat protector, detach its terminal from the condensing unit connector. Refer to 9.3.1.
- 3. Pull the sensor out from the inside.
- 4. Replace it with the new part.

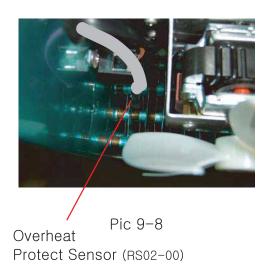


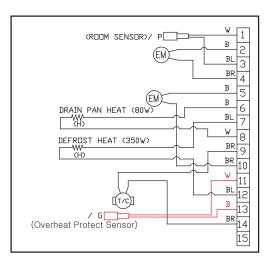
9.3.7 Overheat Protect Sensor. (Freezer, Dual Temperature Model)

WARNING: Make sure that the power is disconnected before servicing.

Allow for sufficient working space to ensure your safety

and the safety of the unit.





DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETF3)

All reach-in refrigerators and freezers have an overheat protect sensing bulb located in the evaporator coil which reads the evaporator coil temperature and controls defrost cycle. A defective sensor will cause the evaporator coil to freeze up.

- 1. For instructions on how to disassemble the evaporator cover, refer to 9.3.2.
- 2. Locate the sensor between the evaporator coil fins as seen in the above figure. (Pic 9-8)
- 3. To remove the overheat protector, detach its terminal from the condensing unit connector, refer to 9.3.1.
- 4. Replace it the new part.
- 5. Reassemble in the reverse order. .



- 9.4 Interior Light and Switch
- 9.4.1 Light Bulb Cover

WARNING: Make sure the power is disconnected before servicing to ensure your safety and the safety of the unit.

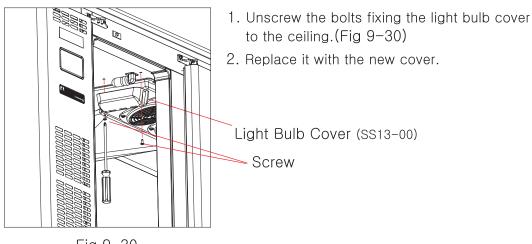
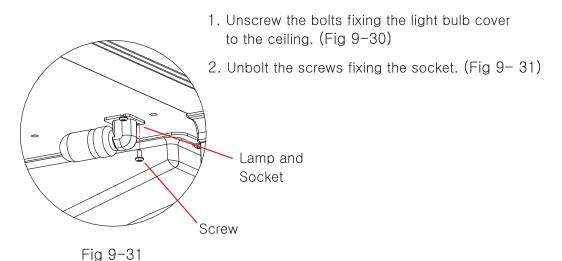
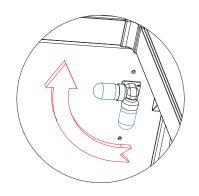


Fig 9-30

9.4.2 Light Bulb Socket

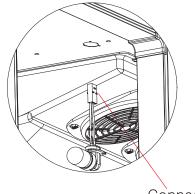




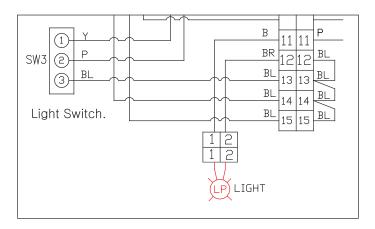


3. Turn the socket about 90 degrees. (Fig 9-32) (Remove before servicing to avoid damaging the bulb)

Fig 9-32



- Fig 9-33
- 4. Take the socket and remove the wire and connector from the wall. (Fig 9-33)(It is recommended that you use a tool for this due to the sharp steel plate around the hole.)
- 5. Separate the connector.
- 6. Replace it with a new one.
- 7. Reassemble in the reverse order.



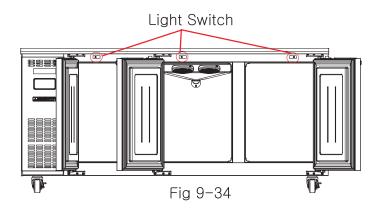
DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETR3)



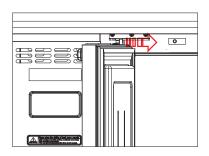
9.4.3 Light Switch

WARNING: Make sure that the power is disconnected before servicing. Allow for sufficient working space to ensure your safety and the safety of the unit.

1. Check the switches for repair. (Fig 9-34) (Open the door and press both switches to check operation.)



2. Keep the doors open.



3. While applying pressure on the door switch, push it towards the center of the unit or left as indicated. (Fig 9-35)



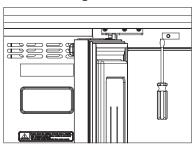


Fig 9-36

4. Lift up the corner of the switch using appropriate tools. (Fig 9-36)



5. Completely pull out the switches by using a switch bead tool.(Fig 9-37)

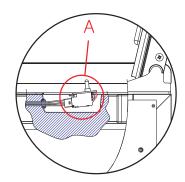
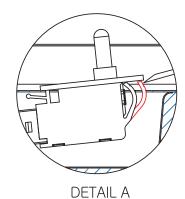
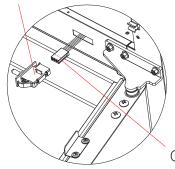


Fig 9-37



Interior Light Switch (SS19-00)

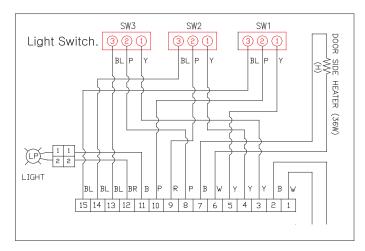


- 6. Carefully pull out the switch so that the connectors and lead wires in the switch box are not damaged. (Fig 9-38)
 - (Because of the shard steel plate, it is recommended that you use a tool.)

Connector

Fig 9-38

- 7. Detach the connector completely.
- 8. Replace it with a new switch and reassemble it in reverse order.

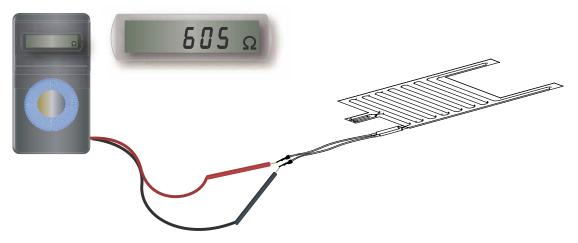


DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETR3)



9.5 How to Check Heater

- 1. Locate the heater connector to check operation.
- 2. After removing the connector, connect the tester probes to both ends of the terminal where the heater is connected.
- 3. Read the resistance on the tester.
- 4. Refer to Table 9-7. It is considered normal if the resistance is $\pm 5\%$.
- 5. Locate the door sub-heater by removing the screws of the top pan. (Fig 9-39)

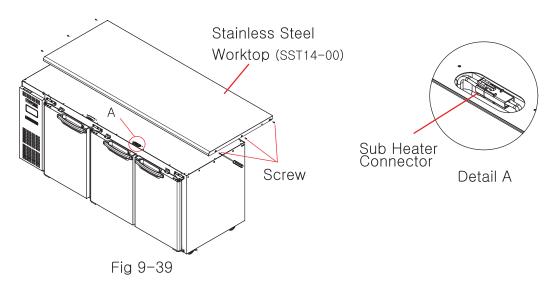


(Example: Evaporator Drain Pan Heater)

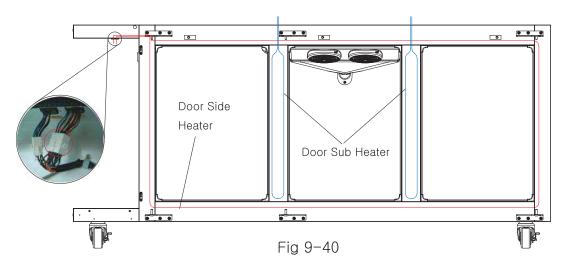
| | Power Consumption | Resistance | Model | |
|------------------|----------------------|------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | 21.5 W | 2.251kΩ | ETR1,ETF1 | |
| | 26W | 1.861kΩ | ETR2,ETF2 | |
| Door Side Heater | 31 W | 1.561kΩ | ETWR2,ETWF2,ETRF2 | |
| | 36 W | 1.344kΩ | ETR3,ETF3,ETRF3 | |
| Door Sub Heater | 9.5 W | 5.094kΩ | Common | |
| Drain Pan Heater | 80 W | 605Ω | Freezer, Dual Temperature Model | |
| Defrost Heater | 350 W | 138Ω | Freezer, Dual Temperature Model | |

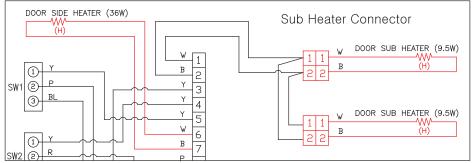
Table 9-7





6. Refer to figure 9-40 for the location of the door side heater and the door sub heater.



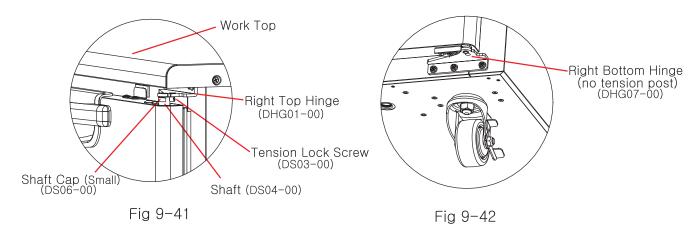


DETAIL DIAGRAM (Model: ETR3)



9.6 Door

9.6.1 How to Remove Door Assembly



To replace the door, remove the tension between the shaft and spring. Refer to figure 9-41.

Preparation : (1) Small size screwdriver, (2) small steel stick

WARNING: Take extra precaution when handling the spring tension.

Make sure to follow procedure.

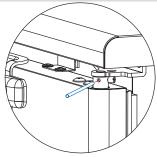


Fig 9-43

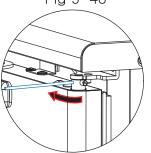
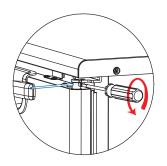


Fig 9-44

1. Insert the steel stick between the shaft holes. (Fig 9-43)

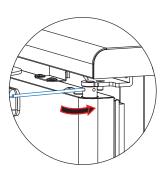
 To remove the tension pin, slightly turn the stick along the direction of the arrow.
 Maintain the position of the stick by resisting the spring tension. (Fig 9-44)





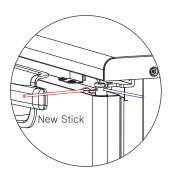
3. Turn and detach the tension pin by using the a (-) screwdriver. Avoid dropping or losing the pin. (Fig 9-41)

Fig 9-41



4. Take the steel stick and slowly loosen it toward the direction of the arrow. If tension is completely released before the stick touches the body, remove the stick from the shaft and go to the next step. (Fig 9-42)

Fig 9-42

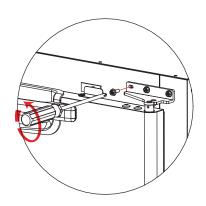


5. If tension is still present even after completing steps 1 through 4, repeat the procedure by using the steel stick. (Fig 9-43)

Fig 9-43

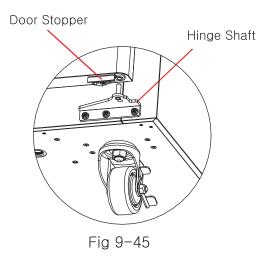
6. Remove the top pan and the shaft cap. For instructions on how to remove the top pan, refer to 9.5.





7. While supporting the door so it does not detach, unscrew the three bolts that hold the upper hinge in place. (Fig 8-43)

Fig 9-44

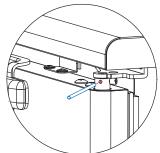


8. While lifting the door up, completely detach the door from the lower hinge shaft. (Fig 8-45)

9. Attach the new door or proceed to the next step.

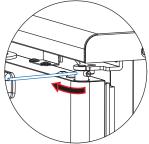


9.6.2 Door Tension Adjustment



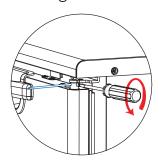
1. Remove Front Cover Grill and Shaft Cap. Insert one steel stick into the shaft hole. (Fig 9-46)

Fig 9-46



2. To remove the tension pin, slightly turn the stick in the direction of the arrow. Maintain the position of the steel stick by resisting the spring tension. (Fig 9-47)

Fig 9-47



3. Turn and detach the tension pin by using a (-) screwdriver. Avoid dropping or losing the pin. (Fig 9-48)

Fig 9-48

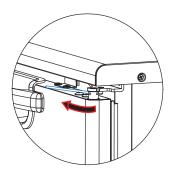
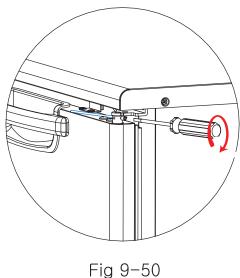


Fig 9-49

4. Turn the stick in the direction of the arrow until the next hole is visible. Avoid dropping or losing the pin. (Fig 9 -49)



9.6.2 Door Tension Adjustment



- 5. Turn and drive the tension pin into the next step hole. (Fig 9-50)
- 6. Adjust the tension of the lower shaft.



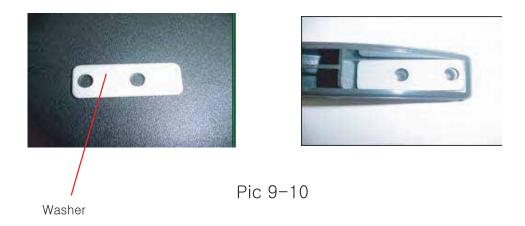
9.6.3 Door Handle (Protruding Type)

- 1. Pop out the outer handle.
- 2. Remove four (4) screws from the inner handle. (Two (2) screws each for top and bottom)

CAUTION: Be sure to use a door handle washer. (Pic 9-9)



Pic 9-9





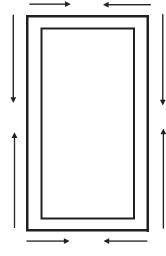
9.6.4 Door Gasket

- 1. Keep the door open.
- 2. Firmly grasp the door gasket on the top corners with both hands.
- 3. Slowly pull the gasket out of the slotted groove. Continue until the gasket is removed. (Pic 9-11)
- 4. To install the replacement door gasket, start snapping it into the groove at the top of the door. Begin at the two corners and move evenly from each side towards the middle as shown below. (Fig 8-51)
- 5. Work the gasket evenly down both sides and then across the bottom, (Fig 8-51)

CAUTION: Do not stretch or bend the door gasket.



Pic 9-11



Reinstall Gasket Starting from 1 to 5

Inside View of Door

Fig 9-51



10.1 SERVICE DIAGNOSTIC CHART

| Symptom | Possible Cause | Corrective Action | References |
|---------------------------|---|--|------------|
| | Main power button on control box is OFF. | Ppress and hold "POWER ON/OFF" button on the control box. | 7.3 |
| | Voltage is too low. | Correct the electrical service so it does not vary more than +/- 10%. | |
| Unit Does not run | Electronic Controller is defective. | Replace the Electronic Controller | 8.1.3 |
| 11001011 | Compressor is defective. | Replace the compressor. | 8.2.2 |
| | Relay and/or capacitor is defective. | Replace the relay and/or capacitor. | |
| | Delay time. | It takes about one (1) minute to run the unit after plug-in. | 7.9 |
| 0.1: 1.1 | High pressure in refrigeration system | | |
| Cabinet does not maintain | - Condenser coil is too dirty. | Clean the condenser coil. | 3.2 |
| proper temperature | - Refrigerant was overcharged. | Evacuate and recharge the system with proper amount of refrigerant. | |
| | Condenser fan motor does not run. | Check motor electrically, replace if defective. | 8.2.5 |
| | Evaporator fan motor does not run. | Check motor electrically, replace if defective. | 8.2.6 |
| | - Capillary tube is clogged. | Evacuate and recharge the system | |
| | Clearance around the unit is insufficient. | Reinstall the unit. | 4 |
| | Condenser air is recirculating or ambient temperature is above specification. | Reinstall the unit. | 4 |
| | System is on "Defrost Cycle". | During the defrost cycle, compressor and fan motor of the evaporator & condensing do not run. The cycle is terminated by both temp (16°C) and time(within 20 minutes). Factory defrost setting is 4 times a day for both freezers and refrigerators. | |



10.1 SERVICE DIAGNOSTIC CHART

| Cabinet does not maintain proper temperature | Refrigerant charge is low. | Find and repair any refrigeration leak, replace the filter drier, evacuate and recharge the system. | | |
|---|---|---|-------|--|
| | Temp. control system problems. | | | |
| | - Temperature setting is incorrect. | Reset the desired temperature. | 7 | |
| | - Control is defective. | Replace the circuit board(s). | 8.1.3 | |
| | Condenser coil is too dirty. | Clean the condenser coil. (Factory recommends condenser cleaning once a month) | 3.2 | |
| | Frozen evaporator coil. | | | |
| | - Air flow is restricted. | Arrange product for proper interior airflow, check the evaporator coil for debris. | 8.4 | |
| (Freezers only) | - Pressure(Vacuum) relief control is open. | Check for leaks, repair or replace if necessary. | | |
| | - Defrost heater is defective. | Replace the defrost heater. | 8.2.7 | |
| | - Drain pan heater is defective. | Replace the evaporator drain cover. | 8.4.1 | |
| | - Insufficient number of defrost setting. | Defrost the evaporator coil first, then reset sufficient number of defrost cycle. | | |
| | Door is open or gasket is not sealing properly. | Close door propely, adjust tension and/or replace gasket if necessary. | 8.7 | |
| | - Light switch is not properly pressed | Adjust location of light switch bracket. | | |
| | - Light switch is defective. | Check electrically and replace the door switch if defective. | 8.3.3 | |
| Compressor | Wiring problem. | Check for and correct any incorrect connections. Check for any loose or bad connections to the control box. | 8.1.1 | |
| does not operate | Relay is defective. | Check the start relay, replace if necessary. | 8.2.2 | |
| | Capacitor is defective. | Check the start relay, replace if necessrry. | 8.2.2 | |



10.1 SERVICE DIAGNOSTIC CHART

| Door(s) | Pressure(vacuum) relief contol is not functioning. | Check the component, replace if defective. | |
|---------------------|---|--|-------|
| to open. | Wrong installation. | Check casters and floor to see if the unit is properly leveled. | 4 |
| | In the Cabinet. | | |
| | - Drainage tube is not inserted. | Open the evaporator drain cover and check the drainage tube. | 8.4 |
| Water is leaking | - Evaporator drain cover is broken. | Check if there is any crack, replace if damaged. | 8.4 |
| 10019 | Out of the Cabinet. | | |
| | Condensate pan heater located at bottom of unit is defective. | Check electrically first, and replace the wire type condensate pan heater if defective. | 8.5 |
| Noise | In the cabinet. | | |
| | - Evaporator motor fan damaged due to ice built on evaporator coil. | Check the defrost heater or control box to see if they are energizing. Replace defrost heater or Electronic Controller if defective. | 8.2.7 |
| | Out of Cabinet. | | |
| | - Condensing motor fan blades are broken. | Replace the fan blades. | 8.2.5 |
| | - Condensing motor is defective. | Check motor, replace if necessary. | 8.2.5 |